

# MLA 2019 Seedling Day

## Pick up:

Saturday May 18, 2019  
9:00 am to 12 noon

Port Carling Memorial  
Community Centre

<b>Name</b>	
<b>Phone Number</b>	
<b>Email</b>	

*This year we are offering our biggest variety yet! You will see similar selection of seedlings with a few new varieties. We are bringing back the popular Butterfly Gardens and introducing two more native species. The Speckled Alder and Pussy Willow. Similar to previous years, all are native to the area and promote a healthy environment. Supplies will be limited, so order early!*

Type	Order Size	Price	Order	Total
Riparian Lake Edge Garden	Tray of 38 inserts	\$69 per tray		
Butterfly Gardens	Tray of 38 Inserts	\$69 per tray		
Red Oak	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$22 per bundle		
White Birch	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$21 per bundle		
White Pine	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$18 per bundle		
White Spruce	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$18 per bundle		
White Cedar	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$22 per bundle		
Red Osier Dogwood	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$22 per bundle		
American Highbush Cranberry	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$30 per bundle		
Serviceberry	Bundle of 10 seedlings	\$30 per bundle		
Speckled Alder	Bundle of 10 Seedlings	\$32 per bundle		
Pussy Willow	Bundle of 10 Seedlings	\$30 per bundle		
Ostrich Fern	Pot of 2 gallons	\$14 per pot		
<b>ORDER TOTAL</b>				

**PLEASE NOTE THAT WE ORDER SEEDLINGS BASED ON YOUR ORDER  
SO REFUNDS CANNOT BE PROVIDED FOR ORDERS NOT PICKED UP ON TIME**

*Payment must be provided with order*

Cheque Enclosed

Credit Card No. \_\_\_\_\_

Exp. Date \_\_\_\_\_ CVC code \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

**We are pleased to inform you that once again  
Forests Ontario will be in attendance on  
Seedling Day!**



To order send this form by May 3, 2019 to:

Muskoka Lakes Association, Box 298, Port Carling, ON, P0B 1J0

Email: info@mmla.on.ca Phone 705-765-5723 Fax 705-765-3203

# Muskoka Lakes Association 2019 Seedling Day

## **Riparian Lake Edge Garden**

Lake Edge flowers, shrubs and grasses that provide important habitat that will directly and indirectly help fish populations. If the lake/river/pond water level varies, be sure to plant beyond the highest point of water edge fluctuation.

## **Monarch Butterfly Gardens**

A mix of 38 native wildflowers from Southern Ontario, chosen to provide food for all stages of the butterfly's life cycle. By planting a monarch butterfly garden in your yard, you provide important habitat and food. Plant in full sun, all types of soil, however a good loam will provide better results.

## **Red Oak (Native Deciduous) - Quercus Rubra**

Beautiful large tree, excellent for landscape use. Prefers sand/loam soils, with a well to moderate drainage. Red Oaks should be planted in a full sun to partial shade environment. Squirrels and wild turkeys are attracted to the acorns. Can grow up to 24 meters. "A good candidate to battle against Climate change as it can grow in harsher conditions. It will also be an important species to counteract the devastating impacts of the Beech Bark Disease currently killing our American beech in the Parry Sound/Muskoka area, as Red Oak is considered second to American beech in terms of importance as a mast species for wildlife such as deer and bear."

## **White Birch (Native Deciduous) Betula Papyrifera**

Found on forest edges, lakeshores and roadsides, usually mixed with other birches, pines, spruces, hemlock, maples. Resistant to most diseases.

## **White Pine (Native Evergreen) - Pinus Strobus**

This is a rapid growing tree with wide spreading lateral roots and is an important nesting and perching tree. This tree achieves a maximum height of 30 meters in dry or moist conditions. A shore stabilization tree, it requires a sunny or part-shade environment.

## **White Spruce (Native Evergreen) - Picea Glauca**

White Spruce grow on a variety of soils under a wide range of conditions. This includes moist or wet conditions in the sun or part-sun. It can be used for shore stabilization. Needles are short and light green in colour. Excellent for Christmas trees, windbreaks and landscape. They can grow up to 24 meters.

## **White Cedar (Native Evergreen) - Thuja Occidentalis**

Narrow growing. Makes excellent hedging plants. Dark green foliage. Grows in wet areas, but tolerates most soils. Better in sand, loam, clay types of soil; it can grow up to 15 meters.

## **Red Osier Dogwood (Native Deciduous Shrub) - Cornus Sericea**

Noted for its red branches, great background with snow. Produces small white flowers and white berries. Should be planted in a dry to moist sand/loam/clay soil; full sun to partial shade. Red osier dogwoods can grow up to 3 meters and are excellent for erosion control.

## **American Highbush Cranberry (Native Deciduous Shrub) Vaccinium Macrocarpon**

Found in swamps and open bogs on wet shores of ponds and streams.

## **Serviceberry (Native Deciduous Shrub) Amelanchier Arborea**

Wildly distributed in Southern Ontario, in open fields, edges of woods, thickets, wooded slopes, sandy bluffs and rocky ridges.

## **Ostrich Fern (Native Perennials)**

This fern is deer resistant, and should be planted in a moist sand/silt soil, with partial shade/sun exposure. It thrives along streams and riverbanks and in moist forested sites.

## **Speckled Alder (Native Alnus Rugose)**

Small Tree or Shrub. Does well in wet areas, likes streams and banks. Can withstand cold weather climates. Deer resistant and has a moderately fast growth rate. Can identify from other alders or similar species as it has pores or speckles on its branches. This alder has nitrogen fixing properties and is known to help poplars and ash species nearby to grow quickly. The alder itself is a fast growing species.

## **Pussy Willow (Native Salix Discolor)**

Commonly found throughout Ontario Lives in damp meadows and along shorelines. These trees have invasive roots, so plant your cuttings far away from septic tank fields, sewer lines, or water lines. Pussy Willows can be kept more compact and shrub-like through proper pruning. These plants love moisture. They thrive along banks of streams in the wild and are useful for controlling soil erosion.

## **Sources:**

- On the Living Edge – Your handbook for waterfront Living, Sarah Kipp, Clive Callaway Conservation Ontario , 2003
- Richardson's Pineneedle Farms – 2018 Seedling Guide
- Sassafras Farms
- Michael Henry, R.P.F.—ShoreLines Fall 2015
- Forests Ontario